KIAMBA MINING CORP.

SARANGANI

LOCATION:
Barangays Kapate, Badtasan, Tamadang, Suli, Tambilil, Gasi, and Datu Dani, Municipality of Kiamba, Province of Sarangani

AREA:
8,332.5119 hectares

MINERALS
Copper (Cu), Gold (Au), and Iron (Fe)

MINING TENEMENT

TYPE

The project is covered by Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) No. 350-2010-XII) that Kiamba Mining Corporation entered into with the Philippine Government on June 29, 2010, with all required compliances duly maintained, thereby ensuring continued regulatory authority for mineral development and production activities. It has an area of 8,332.51 hectares located in Kiamba, Sarangani in southern Philippines.

CONTRACTOR

Kiamba Mining Corporation
Address: 23rd Fr, High Street South Corporate Tower 1, 26th St. cor. 9th Ave., BGC, Taguig, Metro Manila, Philippines

STAGE OF OPERATION

The project is currently under the 2nd term of the MPSA's Exploration Period, reflecting continued regulatory compliance and a sustained commitment to advancing and completing mineral exploration activities.

TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS

PROXIMITY TO CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE (AS OF 2025)

- 49 kilometers - Aerial Distance from the General Santos City Airport.
- 6 kilometers - Aerial Distance from the nearest highways (Cotabato-Saranggani Road)
- 8.3 kilometers - Aerial Distance from the Kiamba Port.

CAPITAL AND MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

CHAIRMAN AND PCEO

Antonio L. Co

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

- Authorized Capital Stock: PHP 200 Million
- Number of Shares: 20 Million

SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

HOST BARANGAY

Barangay Kapate | 2,163 Population
Barangay Badtasan | 2,993 Population
Barangay Tamadang |1,868 Population
Barangay Suli | 2,113 Population
Barangay Tambilil | 4,593 Population
Barangay Gasi | 1,489 Population

INDIGENOUS PEOPLE

- Name of Tribe: T'Boli Tribe
- Population: 177,772 (as of 2020)
- Royalty Rate: Not less than 1% of gross output of minerals sold

ACTION PLAN

IMMEDIATE AND SHORT TERM

- The project will complete all mineral exploration activities, strengthening the technical database and advancing the project to the next development stage.

LONG TERM

- Building on the above results, the project will submit its Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF) to the Philippine Government to facilitate the transition to mine development and eventual production readiness.

GEOLOGIC SETTING

The MPSA area is underlain by a favorable geologic setting dominated by the Lower to Middle Miocene Kiamba Formation, consisting of the Kling Metavolcanics and the overlying Kapate Clastics. These units provide a strong lithologic framework for mineralization and are intruded by the Middle to Upper Miocene Tual Quartz Diorite, which is prominently developed in the Tual, El Kilib, and Kapate areas and is closely associated with identified iron and copper mineralization, underscoring the area's mineral potential.

Unconformably overlying these formations are the Badtasan Volcanics, comprising massive andesite and flow breccias that further reflect an active magmatic history. Recent alluvial deposits, confined to major river systems, represent secondary accumulation zones derived from the erosion of mineralized source rocks. Overall, the geological characteristics of the area is considered conducive to continued mineral exploration and resource development.

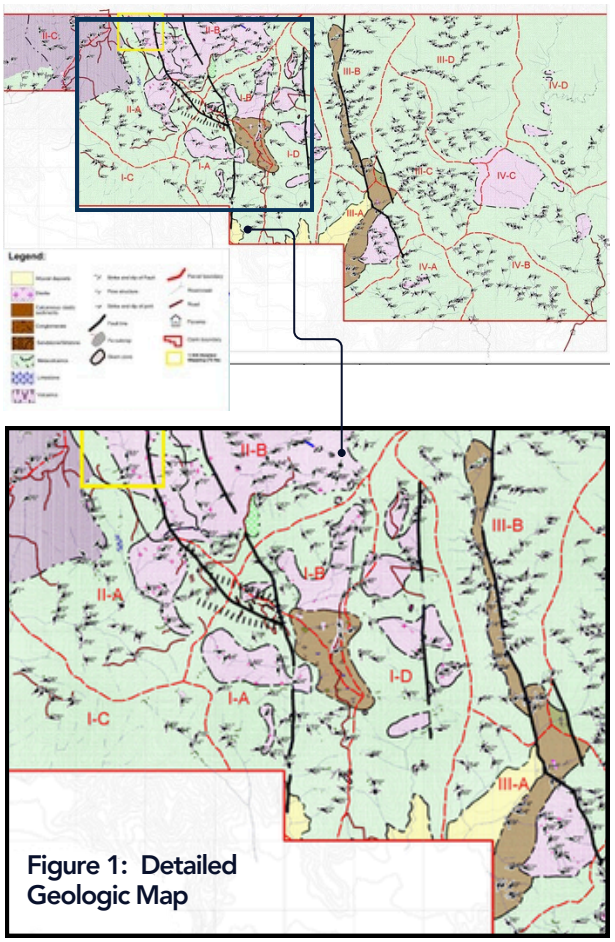

Figure 1: Detailed Geologic Map

TYPE/CHARACTERISTICS OF MINERAL DEPOSIT/MINERALIZATION

The MPSA area hosts a well-developed iron–copper skarn system with associated gold and silver, reflecting a favorable magmatic–hydrothermal setting. Three priority prospects have been identified: Kapate Iron Skarn, Talusob Copper–Gold, and Labo Copper–Gold.

Kapate Iron Skarn Prospect

- Mineralization comprises of iron skarn hosted in calcareous sedimentary rocks (limestone), genetically linked to quartz diorite intrusions and controlled by northwest-west northwest-trending structures. Skarn occurs as pods and lenticular bodies, with strong potential for more massive magnetite lenses at depth.

Talusob Copper–Gold Prospect

- The prospect displays well-developed hydrothermal alteration dominated by propylitic assemblages, with associated potassic and localized sodic-calcic zones, overprinted by argillic and phyllic alteration. Mineralization occurs as quartz–pyrite–chalcopyrite sheeted veinlets and stockworks, consistent with a porphyry copper–gold system and significant exploration upside.

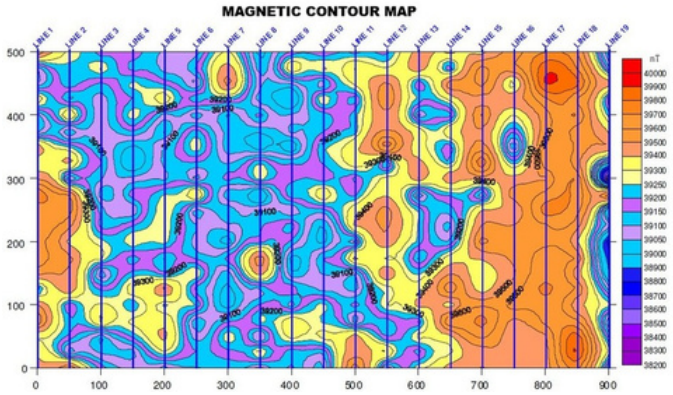

Figure 2: Kiamba Mine Magnetic Contour Map

HISTORICAL EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES

Conducted geological mapping and sampling, trenching, shallow drilling, and partial ground magnetic surveys in targeted areas.

Kapate Prospect

- Completed scout drilling of magnetite bodies totaling 35 drillholes.
- Drilling intersected massive magnetite with garnet–epidote skarn and disseminated magnetite.
- Results indicate complex geological and structural controls.

Talusob Area

- Undertook detailed geological mapping and rock-chip sampling.
- Identified hornblende diorite, diorite porphyry, and quartz diorite intrusions cutting porphyritic andesite and lapilli tuff.
- Geochemical sampling returned values of up to 0.20 ppm Au and 0.41% Cu, highlighting mineralization potential.

Labo Copper–Gold Prospect

- Located in the southeastern portion of the property.
- Hosted by calcareous sandstone and controlled by steeply dipping faults.
- Sampling returned iron grades of up to 61.79% Fe.